



# Safety Data Sheet

## Acetylene (dissolved)

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Reference number: RS-C2H2-001

Issue date: 09/15/2019 Revision date: 01/01/2026 Supersedes: 09/01/2024 Version: 3D

### Danger



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	: Acetylene 2.0; Acetylene 2.6
SDS no	: RS-C2H2-001
Other means of identification	: Ethyne
CAS no.	: 74-86-2
EC no.	: 200-816-9
Index no.	: 601-015-00-0
REACH no.	: 01-2119457406-36
Chemical formula	: C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	: See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the annex of the safety data sheet. Industrial and professional uses. Consumer use. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Uses advised against	: Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Messer Tehnogas AD Beograd  
Banjicki put no. 62  
11090 Belgrade, Serbia  
Telephone: +381 11 35 37 200 Fax: +381 11 35 37 291  
e-mail: [postoffice@messer.rs](mailto:postoffice@messer.rs)  
Web: [www.messer.rs](http://www.messer.rs)

#### Person responsible for the safety data sheet:

Tamara Ječmenica, Chemicals Advisor  
Telephone: +381 65 35 37 785  
e-mail: [sds@messer.rs](mailto:sds@messer.rs)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number	: Poison Control Center, VMA Crnotravska 17, Belgrade Serbia Tel. : +381(0) 11 360 8440 (24h)
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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

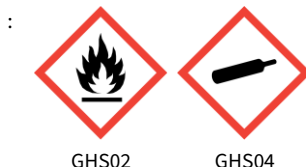
#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Flammable gases, Category 1A, Chemically unstable gas A	H220;H230
	Gases under pressure: Dissolved gas	H280

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



Signal word (CLP)

: Danger

Hazard statements (CLP)

: H220 - Extremely flammable gas.  
H230 - May react explosively even in the absence of air.  
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention

: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

- Response

: P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.  
P381 - In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

- Storage

: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

Supplemental information

: Dispose of cylinder via gas supplier only. Cylinder contains a porous material which in some cases contains asbestos fibres and is saturated with a solvent (acetone or dimethylformamide).

### 2.3. Other hazards

Asphyxiant in high concentrations. These high concentrations are within the flammability range.  
Not classified as PBT or vPvB. [Not classified as PMT or vPvM.](#)  
The substance / mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ATE, EUH-statements, M-Factors
Acetylene (dissolved)	CAS no.: 74-86-2 EC no.: 200-816-9 Index no.: 601-015-00-0 REACH no.: 01-2119457406-36	≤ 100	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Chem. Unst. Gas A, H230 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280

For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) or dimethylformamide (Flam.Liq.3, Repr. 1B, Acute Tox. 4, Eye Irrit. 2) in the gas receptacle. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas receptacle. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

Dimethylformamide is on the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is subject to restrictions on its use.(Annex XVII of Reach).

The cylinder contains a porous material which in some cases contains asbestos fibres. Asbestos is subject to restrictions on its use (Annex XVII of REACH). The asbestos fibres are encapsulated in the solid porous material and are not released under normal conditions of use. See section 13 for the disposal of those cylinders.

*Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.*

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable



### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Maintain an open airway. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Acetone in which acetylene is dissolved can cause frostbite, itching, redness, and dryness. Rinse the frostbite area with warm water for at least 15 minutes, until the skin color returns to normal. Do not use hot water! Get medical help.
- Eye contact : In case of contact with eyes, rinse with warm water for at least 15 minutes. If you have contact lenses, remove them. Get medical help.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility / consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. See section 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Take first aid measures. Loosen tight clothing, such as a collar, tie or belt.  
Place the unconscious person in a lateral position. Seek medical attention.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Shutting off the source of the gas is the preferred method of control. Be aware of the risk of formation of static electricity with the use of CO<sub>2</sub> extinguishers. Do not use them in places where a flammable atmosphere may be present.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon monoxide.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. If possible, stop flow of product. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters. Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard EN 659 - Protective gloves for firefighters. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.



### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel : Act in accordance with local emergency plan. Try to stop release. Evacuate area.  
Eliminate ignition sources. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Stay upwind.  
See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders : Monitor concentration of released product. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate area.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Safe use of the product : Assess the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres and the need for explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure equipment is adequately earthed. Consider the use of only non-sparking tools. Consider the use of flash back arrestors. The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working with the product. Wash hands after use. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Wear personal protective equipment (See section 8). Avoid contact with pure copper, mercury, silver and brass with greater than 65% copper. Operating pressure in piping should be limited to 1.5 bar (gauge) or less due to more stringent national regulations (with maximum diameter DN25). Purge air from system before introducing gas. Solvent may accumulate in piping systems. Prior to maintenance activities, perform a risk assessment based on the solvent in use. In case of DMF, take into account the conditions of its restrictions. Use gloves and filters for DMF or acetone use, wear safety glasses. Avoid inhalation of solvent vapors. Provide adequate ventilation. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Do not breathe gas. Avoid release of product into work area.  
For further information on safe use refer to EIGA code of practice acetylene (EIGA Doc 123) downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu> and consult your supplier.
- Safe handling of the gas receptacle : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.  
Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.  
When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.  
Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If the protection cap is too tight, remove it with adjustable wrench.

Never insert sharp objects into the cavities of the cap, this can lead to damage to the valve and leakage. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock. If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.

Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.

Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants in store.

Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.

Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.

Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over. Container valve guards or caps should be in place.

Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.

Keep away from combustible materials.

All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Acetilen (rastvoren) (74-86-2)	
DNEL: Izvedena doza bez efekta (zaposleni)	
Akutna - sistemski efekti, udisanje	2675 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2500 ppm
Dugoročna - sistemski efekti, udisanje	2675 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2500 ppm

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None established.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Product to be handled in a closed system. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released. Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

### 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

- A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:  
PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.
- Eye/face protection
    - : Wear safety glasses with side shields.
    - Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
    - [Standard EN ISO 16321-1 - Eye and face protection for occupational use Part 1: General requirements.](#)
  - Skin protection
    - Hand protection
      - : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
      - Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risks, performance level 1 or higher.
      - Recommended types include wrist gloves from leather or synthetic material with equivalent performance, fabric gloves, fabric gloves with leather palms.
    - Other
      - : Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.
      - Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials.
      - Standard EN 1149-5 - Protective clothing: Electrostatic properties.
      - Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
      - Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
  - Respiratory protection
    - : Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.
    - Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask. Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device.
  - Thermal hazards
    - : Wear goggles with suitable filter lenses when use is cutting/welding.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere.  
See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa : Gas.
- Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Garlic like.

Melting point / Freezing point : -80.8 °C

Boiling point : -84 °C

Flammability : Extremely flammable gas.

Lower explosion limit : 2.3 vol %

Upper explosion limit : 100 vol %

Flash point : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

Auto-ignition temperature : 305 °C

Decomposition temperature : Not applicable.

pH : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

Viscosity, kinematic : No reliable data available.



Water solubility [20°C]	: 1185 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: 0.37
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 44 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Density and/or relative density	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative vapour density (air=1)	: 0.9
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures. Nanoforms are not relevant for gases and gas mixtures.

### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosion limits	: Not known.
Oxidising properties	: No oxidising properties.
- Coefficient of oxygen equivalency (Ci)	: Not applicable.
Tci	: 3 %
Critical temperature [°C]	: 35 °C

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass	: 26 g/mol
Other data	: None.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass.  
Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).  
May react explosively even in the absence of air.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst.  
Can form explosive mixture with air.  
May react violently with oxidants.  
May react explosively even in the absence of air.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.  
Avoid moisture in installation systems. High temperature. High pressure.  
(See Section 7.)

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury.  
Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper or 43% silver.  
Air, Oxidisers. For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	: Acetylene has low inhalation toxicity, the LOAEC for mild intoxication in humans with no residual effects is 100 000ppm (107,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ). There are no data on oral and dermal toxicity (studies are not technically feasible as the substance is a gas at room temperature.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitisation</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Toxic for reproduction : Fertility</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Toxic for reproduction : unborn child</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>STOT-single exposure</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>STOT-repeated exposure</b>	: No known effects from this product.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information	: The substance / mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.
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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Assessment	: Classification criteria are not met.
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	: 242 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	: 57 mg/l
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	: 545 mg/l

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment	: Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis in air. Will not undergo hydrolysis.
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#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment	: Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). See Section 9.
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#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment	: Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
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#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment	: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
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#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment	: The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.
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#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: Not classified as PMT or vPvM.
Effect on the ozone layer	: No effect on the ozone layer.
Effect on global warming	: No known effects from this product.



### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact supplier if guidance is required. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30/21 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded. Do not discharge into areas where there is a risk of forming an explosive mixture with air. Waste gas should be flared through a suitable burner with flash back arrestor. Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Delegated Decision (EU) 2025/934 of 5 March 2025 amending Decision 2000/532/EC)

: 16 05 04 \*: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.  
15 01 11\*: Metallic packaging containing a hazardous solid porous matrix (for example asbestos), including empty pressure containers

#### 13.2. Additional information

Dispose of cylinder via gas supplier only.  
Cylinder contains a porous material which in some cases contains asbestos fibres and is saturated with a solvent (acetone or dimethylformamide).  
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

UN-No. : 1001

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Acetylene, dissolved

Transport by sea (IMDG) : ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling



2.1 : Flammable gases.

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)

Class : 2

Classification code : 4F

Hazard identification number : 239

Tunnel Restriction : B/D - Tank carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category B, C, D and E. Other carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.1



### Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.1
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire	: F-D
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage	: S-U

### 14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: Not applicable.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Not applicable.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: None.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: None.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)	: P200.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: Forbidden.
Cargo Aircraft only	: 200.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: P200.

Special transport precautions	: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.</li><li>- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.</li><li>- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.</li><li>- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.</li><li>- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.</li></ul>
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### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### RS Regulations

Pravilnik o ograničenjima i zabranama proizvodnje, stavljanja u promet i korišćenja hemikalija ("Sl. glasnik RS", br. 90/13, 25/15, 2/16, 44/17, 36/18, 9/20, 57/22, 29/24 i 90/25)	: None.
Pravilnik o izvozu i uvozu određenih opasnih hemikalija („Sl. glasnik RS“ br. 93/23 i 78/25)	: None.
Zakon o kontroli opasnosti od velikih udesa koji uključuju opasne supstance ("Sl. glasnik RS", br. 94/24)	: Covered.

# Safety Data Sheet

## Acetylene (dissolved)

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878  
Reference number: RS-C2H2-01

Pravilnik o Listi opasnih supstanci, vrstama i količinama opasnih supstanci i kriterijumima za razvijanje kompleksa u kompleksu nižeg reda i kompleksa višeg reda ("Sl. glasnik RS", br. 28/25)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes)	
	Lower-tier	Upper-tier
Acetylene	5	50

### EU Regulations

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations : None.  
Not listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012).  
Not listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021).

Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Covered.

Seveso III Part II (Named dangerous substances)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes)	
	Lower-tier	Upper-tier
Acetylene	5	50

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : In Section 1, the Safety Data Sheet is supplemented with information about details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.  
In Section 2, the Safety Data Sheet is supplemented with other hazards.  
In Section 8, the Safety Data Sheet is supplemented with information about personal protection.  
In Section 12, the Safety Data Sheet is supplemented with other adverse effects.  
In Section 13, the Safety Data Sheet is supplemented with information about waste treatment methods.  
In Section 15, the Safety Data Sheet is supplemented with regulatory information.

Abbreviations and acronyms : [ADN - International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways](#)  
ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CAS - Chemical Abstract Service number  
CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  
CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment  
DNEL - Derived No Effect Levels  
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
EC- European Community number  
EIGA - European Industrial Gases Association  
EN - European Standard  
IATA - International Air Transport Association  
ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization  
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
IMO - International Maritime Organization  
LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%  
LEL - Lower Explosive Limit  
OEL - Occupational exposure limits

# Safety Data Sheet

## Acetylene (dissolved)

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878  
Reference number: RS-C2H2-01

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PMT - Perzistentno, mobilno i toksično .  
PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration  
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment  
PROC - Procesna kategorija (Process category).  
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
RMM - Risk Management Measures  
STOT - RE - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure  
STOT- SE - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure  
STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit  
TWA –8-hour total weight average  
UEL - Upper explosive limit  
UFI - Unique Formula Identifier  
UN - United Nations  
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  
vPvM – veoma perzistentno i veoma mobilno.  
WGK - Water Hazard Class

Training advice : Receptacle under pressure. Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

Further information : Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP). Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu>

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
Flam. Gas 1A - Chem. Unst. Gas A	Flammable gases, Category 1A, Chemically unstable gas A
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H230	May react explosively even in the absence of air.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Press. Gas (Diss.)	Gases under pressure : Dissolved gas

### DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.

Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**

### Annex to the safety data sheet

This Annex documents the Exposure Scenarios (ESs) related to the identified uses of the registered substance. The ESs detail protective measures for workers and the environment in addition to those described in sections 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13 of the SDS that are required to ensure that the potential exposure to workers and the environment remains within acceptable levels for each of the identified uses.

#### Table of contents of the Annex

Identified Uses	Es N°	Short title	Page
Formulation of mixtures in pressure receptacles	EIGA001-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	14
Transfilling in pressure receptacles	EIGA001-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	14
Calibration of analysis equipment	EIGA001-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	14
Feedstock in chemical processes	EIGA001-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	14
Fuel gas for welding, cutting, heating, brazing and soldering applications.	EIGA001-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	14
Fuel gas for welding, cutting, heating, brazing and soldering applications.	EIGA001-2	Professional uses	17
Fuel gas for welding, cutting, heating, brazing and soldering applications.	EIGA001-3	Consumer use.	20

### 1. EIGA001-1: Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

#### 1.1. Title section

##### Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

ES Ref.: EIGA001-1

Revision date: 12/2/2019

Processes, tasks, activities covered

Industrial uses, including product transfers and associated laboratory activities within different closed or contained systems

##### Environment

##### Use descriptors

CS1

ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC7, ERC8d, ERC9a, ERC9b

##### Worker

##### Use descriptors

CS2

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC16

Assessment method

ECETOC TRA 2.0

#### 1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

##### 1.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC7, ERC8d, ERC9a, ERC9b

ERC1	Manufacture of the substance
ERC2	Formulation into mixture
ERC4	Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ERC6a	Use of intermediate
ERC6b	Use of reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ERC7	Use of functional fluid at industrial site
ERC8d	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)
ERC9a	Widespread use of functional fluid (indoor)
ERC9b	Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor)

##### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product

See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information

Concentration of substance in product

≤ 100 %

## Exposure scenario

### Acetylene (dissolved)

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: EIGA001

CAS-No.: 74-86-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

The actual tonnage handled per site is not considered to influence the immissions as such for this scenario as there is practically no release

Emission Days (days/year)	260
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#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise releases

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Wastewater emission controls are not applicable as there is no direct release to wastewater

#### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS

#### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

No additional information

#### 1.2.2. Control of worker exposure: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC16

PROC1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions
PROC2	Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions
PROC3	Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition
PROC8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
PROC16	Use of fuels

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.

## Exposure scenario

### Acetylene (dissolved)

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: EIGA001

CAS-No.: 74-86-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.

Handle product within a closed system

Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure

Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

See section 8 of the SDS.

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use

### 1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 1.3.1. Environmental release and exposure: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC7, ERC8d, ERC9a, ERC9b

The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required.

#### 1.3.2. Worker exposure: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC16

The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required.

### 1.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 1.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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#### 1.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health	Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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## 2. EIGA001-2: Professional uses

### 2.1. Title section

#### Professional uses

ES Ref.: EIGA001-2

Revision date: 12/2/2019

Processes, tasks, activities covered

Professional uses, including transfer of product in non-industrial settings

#### Environment

#### Use descriptors

CS1

ERC9a, ERC9b

#### Worker

#### Use descriptors

CS2

PROC16

Assessment method

ECETOC TRA 2.0

### 2.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 2.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: ERC9a, ERC9b

ERC9a

Widespread use of functional fluid (indoor)

ERC9b

Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor)

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product

See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information

Concentration of substance in product

≤ 100 %

#### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

No additional information

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure

## Exposure scenario

### Acetylene (dissolved)

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: EIGA001

CAS-No.: 74-86-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

No additional information

#### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS

#### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Closed systems are used in order to prevent unintended emissions

#### 2.2.2. Control of worker exposure: PROC16

PROC16

Use of fuels

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product

See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information

Concentration of substance in product

≤ 100 %

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.

Exposure duration

≤ 8 h/day

Covers frequency up to:

5 days/week

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle product within a closed system

Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.

See sections 2 and 7 of the SDS.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure

Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed

#### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

See section 8 of the SDS.

## Exposure scenario

### Acetylene (dissolved)

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: EIGA001

CAS-No.: 74-86-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor or outdoor use

### **2.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source**

#### **2.3.1. Environmental release and exposure: ERC9a, ERC9b**

The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required.

#### **2.3.2. Worker exposure: PROC16**

The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required.

### **2.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES**

#### **2.4.1. Environment**

Guidance - Environment

Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency

#### **2.4.2. Health**

Guidance - Health

Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency

### 3. EIGA001-3: Consumer use.

#### 3.1. Title section

##### Consumer use.

ES Ref.: EIGA001-3

Revision date: 12/2/2019

Processes, tasks, activities covered

Consumer use.

Use as a fuel.

#### 3.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

##### 3.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: ERC9a, ERC9b

ERC9a

Widespread use of functional fluid (indoor)

ERC9b

Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor)

##### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product

See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information

Concentration of substance in product

≤ 100 %

##### Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

No additional information

##### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

No additional information

##### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

See section 13 of the SDS

##### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Closed systems are used in order to prevent unintended emissions

##### 3.2.2. Control of consumer exposure: PC13

PC13

Fuels

## Exposure scenario

### Acetylene (dissolved)

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: EIGA001

CAS-No.: 74-86-2 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

#### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.

Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

#### Measures related to information and behavioural advice to consumers including personal protection and hygiene

See section 8 of the SDS.

#### Other conditions affecting consumer exposure

Indoor or outdoor use

### 3.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 3.3.1. Environmental release and exposure: ERC9a, ERC9b

The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required.

#### 3.3.2. Consumer exposure: PC13

##### Information for contributing exposure scenario

The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required.

### 3.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### 3.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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#### 3.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health	Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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